

MAJOR IN FISH, WILDLIFE, AND CONSERVATION BIOLOGY, CONSERVATION BIOLOGY CONCENTRATION

The Conservation Biology concentration focuses on understanding the ecological processes necessary to conserve biological diversity, with an emphasis on fish and wildlife species and their habitats. This concentration has a broader coverage across both the fish and wildlife disciplines, including the systems that support them (soils, water, forests, fire, geology). There is also a more focused exploration of the human, historical, and political aspects that have shaped conservation efforts and what can be done to ensure sustainable practices and management of natural resources.